# POZNAN UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY



EUROPEAN CREDIT TRANSFER AND ACCUMULATION SYSTEM (ECTS) pl. M. Skłodowskiej-Curie 5, 60-965 Poznań

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION CARD - SYLLABUS**

Course name						
Elective course B: Thermomechanics in power engineering						
Course						
Field of study		Y	/ear/Semester			
power engineering		3	3/6			
Area of study (specialization)		F	Profile of study			
Nuclear Power		£	general academic			
Level of study		(	Course offered in			
First-cycle studies		F	Polish			
Form of study		F	Requirements			
full-time		e	elective			
Number of hours						
Lecture	Laboratory classes	S	Other (e.g. online)			
15	15		0			
Tutorials	Projects/seminars	5				
0	15					
Number of credit points						
3						
Lecturers						
Responsible for the course/lecturer: Dr inż Robert Kłosowiak	Responsible for the course/lecturer:					
Email : robert.klosowiak@put.poznan.pl						
Faculty of Environmental Engineering and Energetic						

### ul. Piotrowo 3, 60-965 Poznań

#### **Prerequisites**

Basic knowledge in the field of thermodynamics, fluid mechanics and processes of energy flow and conversion in thermo-flow machines and devices. Ability to describe and calculate basic thermodynamic processes and simple thermal energy conversion systems. The ability to effectively self-study in a field related to the chosen field of study. Is aware of the need to expand their competences, readiness to cooperate within a team.

### **Course objective**

Acquainting with basic thermodynamic processes, thermodynamic transformations and energy conservation equations. Understanding the methods of description of various thermodynamic factors and thermodynamic cycles implementing the assumed processes of thermal and mechanical energy



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conversion in left-hand cycles. Getting to know the available forms of renewable energy and its conversion pathways.

Getting to know the methods of numerical modeling of heat flow. Defining boundary conditions. Acquiring the ability to apply the knowledge acquired so far to solve technical problems. Acquiring the ability to use engineering programs to simulate phenomena, interpret results and validate with experimental data.

## **Course-related learning outcomes**

#### Knowledge

1. Characterize the principles of operation of thermal and thermal systems of technological processes in thermal systems, power plants, combined heat and power plants and thermal heat supply systems.

2. explain the need for efficient use of heat energy resources, including primary energy temperature levels.

#### Skills

1. apply knowledge of the phenomena of heat flow, momentum and mass occurring in energy processes necessary for effective heat energy conversion.

2. determine the correctness and effectiveness of heat transport processes in machines and heat-flow devices used in industrial and municipal installations.

### Social competences

Is able to think and act effectively in the area of heat transfer processes in machines and thermal devices to minimize primary energy consumption and protect the environment.

### Methods for verifying learning outcomes and assessment criteria

Learning outcomes presented above are verified as follows: Lecture

continuous assessment in each class, rewarding activity and quality of perception and a final written exam

### Exercises:

checking and rewarding the knowledge necessary to implement the problems posed in a given area of computational tasks, continuous assessment and assessment of knowledge and skills related to the implementation of the exercise task,

### **Programme content**

Introduction to numerical methods used in thermal technology. Introduction to CFD analysis. Presentation of turbulence models. Dimensional analysis and similarity conditions. Numerical techniques for solving heat transfer problems. Boundary conditions. Thermal properties of materials.

### **Teaching methods**

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lecture

## Bibliography

Basic

1. Hobler T.: Ruch ciepła i wymienniki, WNT 1979

2 Ryszard Gryboś Podstawy mechaniki płynów. Cz. 2, Turbulencja, metody numeryczne, zastosowania techniczne

Additional

1Bejan A.: Heat Transfer, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York 1993

2.Ku Zilati Ku Shaari, Mokhtar Awang Engineering Applications of Computational Fluid Dynamics

### Breakdown of average student's workload

	Hours	ECTS
Total workload	90	3,0
Classes requiring direct contact with the teacher	45	1,5
Student's own work (literature studies, preparation for	45	1,5
laboratory classes/tutorials, preparation for tests/exam, project		
preparation) <sup>1</sup>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> delete or add other activities as appropriate